

# Extensions and Alterations Guidance Booklet for the new Building Regulations coming into effect In June 2022



The new building regulations will come into force for applications made on or after 15 June 2022. The new requirements will not apply to applications made prior to June 15, providing substantial building work has begun before 15 June 2023 on all aspects of the application. This gives 1 year's grace to allow commencement. (Note: jobs need substantial start i.e. foundations dug and poured.)

#### Approved Document L & F - some of the main changes as of June 2022

#### Approved Document L – Extensions & Alterations noteworthy changes

- 1. New thermal elements, replacement thermal elements and glazing need to meet new U-Values. (Table 4.2, paragraph 4.7 in Part L)
- 2. >25% max glazing for the floor area of extensions including covering existing controlled openings still applies however is slightly stricter. Once over 25%, SAP calculations required or Area weighted U-value, possibly specifying a higher U-Value than Part L depicts. Highly glazed extensions will require design calculations prior to starting works. This also includes new glazing in existing buildings, extending openings for Bi folds etc. if exceeding 25% glazing of the total floor area of the dwelling. (Paragraph 10.10 in Part L)
- 3. Boiler efficiency should be assessed when extending the heating system and upgrading the system may be required to a **92% efficient boiler**. Electric radiators or electric underfloor heating will likely become an alternative for those not wanting to upgrade but the running cost is likely more. (Table 6.2 in Part L)
- 4. Renovating thermal elements still applies but with more clarification. Most U-values stay the same however replacing a flat roof membrane will require insulation upgrades. (Paragraph 11.2 in Part L)

#### Approved Document F – Extensions & Alterations noteworthy changes

- 1. Night latches cannot be used in place of trickle vents. (Part F, paragraph 1.52)
- 2. Open plan kitchen diners need minimum of 3 trickle vents in a room (8000mm² each). (Part F, Paragraph 1.52)
- 3. Minimum requirement for trickle vents now 8000mm<sup>2</sup> for habitable rooms or 10,000mm<sup>2</sup> for single storey dwellings. (Part F Table 1.7)
- 4. Exposed Façades in busy areas (main road etc) will require noise attenuating trickle vents. (Paragraph 1.54 Part F)
- 5. Existing home ventilation guides required to be given to the homeowner by the builder. (Explaining how to use and ventilate efficiently etc) (Paragraph 4.20 Part F)
- 6. All replacement windows must have trickle vents regardless of if the previous windows did not. (Paragraph 3.15)
- 7. Energy efficiency measures in existing homes means the ventilation of dwelling will be assessed. Doing multiple minor works (Insulating lofts, replacing loft hatches etc.) or major work (bricking up chimneys, installing internal wall insulation etc.) will now require ventilation retrospectively and in some cases, you will require a ventilation report to specify new ventilation requirements. In most cases retrofitting trickle vents will be an adequate method. (Table 3.1, para 3.6-3.13)

Note: New thermal elements may need higher values if you have more than 25% glazing.

THERMAL ELEMENT	OLD U-VALUE	NEW U-VALUE
New Floors	0.22 W/m <sup>2</sup> K	0.18 W/m <sup>2</sup> K
Retained Floors	0.25 W/m <sup>2</sup> K	0.25 W/m²K
New Cavity Walls	0.28 W/m <sup>2</sup> K	0.18 W/m²K
Retained Cavity Walls	0.55 W/m <sup>2</sup> K	0.55 W/m²K
Retained Solid Walls 9"	0.3 W/m <sup>2</sup> K	0.3 W/m <sup>2</sup> K
Retained Single Skin Walls 4"	0.3 W/m <sup>2</sup> K	0.3 W/m <sup>2</sup> K
Timber Frame Walls	0.28 W/m <sup>2</sup> K	0.18 W/m <sup>2</sup> K
Pitched Roof (Flat Ceiling)	0.16 W/m <sup>2</sup> K	0.15 W/m²K
Pitched Roof (Vaulted Ceiling)	0.18 W/m <sup>2</sup> K	0.15 W/m <sup>2</sup> K
Flat Roof (Cold Deck)	0.18 W/m <sup>2</sup> K	0.15 W/m <sup>2</sup> K
Flat Roof (Warm Deck)	0.18 W/m <sup>2</sup> K	0.15 W/m²K
Retained Roof Upgrades		
Flat Roof	0.18 W/m <sup>2</sup> K	0.16 W/m <sup>2</sup> K
Flat Ceiling	0.16 W/m <sup>2</sup> K	0.16 W/m <sup>2</sup> K
Vaulted	0.18 W/m <sup>2</sup> K	0.16 W/m <sup>2</sup> K
Windows	1.6 W/m <sup>2</sup> K	1.4 W/m <sup>2</sup> K
External Doors >60% Glazing	1.8 W/m <sup>2</sup> K Band E	1.4 W/m <sup>2</sup> K Band C
Other External Doors	1.8 W/m <sup>2</sup> K Band E	1.4 W/m <sup>2</sup> K Band B
Roof Light	1.6 W/m <sup>2</sup> K	2.2 W/m²K (New method of calculating so appears worse)

## **Ground floor U-Value guidance - Extensions and alterations**

Below is a table of examples of insulation products that can be used to achieve the new U-Values in Approved Document L as of June 2022.

This is based upon traditional oversites and beam and block floors with a P/A ratio of 1, insulation thickness may be reduced if the P/A ratio is lower, but calculations may be required.

The values below will suffice in most circumstances, with insulation either above or below the concrete slab and in floating floor scenarios.

It is now a requirement to provide a 25mm perimeter upstand of PIR insulation as standard, with the exception of floating floors.

Table 1- Minimum U-value now required 0.18W/m<sup>2</sup>K

Product	Thickness
Celotex GA4000	100mm
Recticel Eurothane Gp	100mm
Jabfloor insulation	100mm + 60mm
Ecotherm Eco-Versal	100mm
Kingspan K103	100mm

**Note:** To offset additional glazing, PIR insulation thickness in the floor is more likely to be specified / required too be **150mm on most jobs**, rather than the 100mm you can get away with. This is because its more cost effective than upping wall thickness etc. Timber floors may be better to insulate as a floating floor however for insulating between joists see examples below.

Table 2- examples of suspended timber floor. Minimum U-value now required 0.18W/m<sup>2</sup>K

Option 1	Option 2
Celotex XR4000 150mm between 150mm	Rockwool Flexi 200mm between timber
Timber Joists at 400cc	joists. 200mm Joists required

## **Cavity Wall Guidance – Extensions and alterations**

#### **Cavity walls**

Below are tables of examples of insulation products that can be used to achieve the new U-Values in Approved Document L as of June 2022.

This is based on a 'standard' cavity construction wall detail with a brick outer leaf and a block inner leaf. In most instances the cavity will now be greater than 100mm unless a suitable PIR cavity insulation board is used.

Please see key for ease - this includes some but not all products that can be used. specialist advice from architects, energy assessors and manufacturers may be required.

Table 1 -U-Value now required 0.18W/m<sup>2</sup>K

Cavity width	Detail
100mm	Brickwork, 100mm cavity full fill insulation with an insulation with a thermal
	conductivity of <b>0.021 W/mK</b> , 100 blockwork inner leaf with a thermal
	conductivity of <b>0.15 W/mK</b> 12.5mm plasterboard finish.
100mm	Brickwork, 100mm cavity full fill insulation with an insulation with a thermal
	conductivity 0.032 W/mK, 100 mm blockwork with a thermal conductivity of
	<b>0.15 W/mK</b> and a 52.2 insulated PIR plasterboard finish (40mm PIR + 12.5mm
	plasterboard).
150mm	Brickwork, 150mm cavity insulated with an insulation of thermal conductivity
	0.032 W/mK, 100 mm blockwork with a thermal conductivity of 0.15 W/mK
	12.5mm plasterboard finish.
150mm	Brickwork, 150mm cavity insulated with an insulation of thermal conductivity
	0.032 W/mK, 150 mm blockwork with a thermal conductivity of 0.15 W/mK
	12.5mm plasterboard finish.
150 mm	Brickwork, 150mm cavity partial filled with 100mm insulation with an
	insulation of thermal conductivity <b>0.022 W/mK</b> , 150 mm blockwork with a
	thermal conductivity of <b>0.15 W/mK</b> 12.5mm plasterboard finish.
175mm	Brickwork, 175 mm cavity insulated with an insulation of thermal conductivity
	0.037 W/mK (Knauf/ Dritherm 37) 100 mm blockwork with a thermal
	conductivity of <b>0.15 W/mK</b> plasterboard finish.
180mm	Brickwork, 180mm cavity full fill insulation with Rockwool full fill cavity batts
	0.037 W/mK, 100mm of blockwork with a thermal conductivity up to 1.130
	W/mK (Even dense concrete blocks achieve this).

Table 2 – Key for common construction products used

0.15W/mK blocks or	Cavity insulation	Cavity insulation	Cavity insulation
better	0.02 W/mK	0.032 W/mK	0.037 W/mK
Celcon Solar.	Recticel Euro wall	Dritherm 32 Cavity	Rockwool Cavity
Celcon Standard.	Celotex CW4000	Batts	batts
Durox Supablock			Other Dritherm
Durox SupaBlock 400	All will be PIR	Please note most	products
Thermalite shield	partial / full fill	other cavity wall	
Thermalite Turbo	cavity wall	insulations do not	
Topblok supa bloc	systems and	achieve the same	
Toplite standard	workmanship will	value as Dritherm	
	need to be	32, even other	
	impeccable.	Dritherm products	
		like 34 etc.	

**Note:** Denser blocks are sometimes required for structural stability, this often will have a serious effect on the U-Value and will subsequently require insulation upgrades.

# Timber framed wall U-Value guidance – extensions and alterations

#### **Timber frame wall**

Below is a table of examples of insulation products that can be used to achieve the new U-Values in Approved Document L as of June 2022.

This is based on a worst-case scenario with any façade detailing, including a brick outer leaf, blockwork rendered, hanging tiles, timber or cement cladding or a rendered cement board. With a brick or rendered block façade, a better U-Value can typically be achieved meaning less insulation (potentially), but this will need site specific calculations.

Table 1-Minimum U-value now required 0.18W/m<sup>2</sup>K

Product	100mm X 47mm, 600cc	150mm x 47mm,	200 x 47mm, 600cc
	studs (4x2 inch	600cc (6x2 inch	(8x2 inch timbers)
	timbers)	timbers)	
Kingspan Kooltherm	70mm between studs +	100mm between	Follow 150mm x
K12	40mm lining, 12.5mm	studs + 25mm lining,	47mm guidance
	plasterboard	12.5mm plasterboard	
Celotex GA4000 +	100mm GA4000	100mm GA4000	100mm GA4000
TB4000	between + 50 mm	between + 40 mm	between + 30 mm
	GA4000 lining, 12.5mm	TB4000 lining,	TB4000 lining,
	plasterboard	12.5mm Plasterboard	12.5mm plasterboard
Recticel Eurothane GP	100mm between + 50	100mm between + 40	100mm Between +
	mm insulation over +	mm insulation over +	30mm lining,
	12.5mm plasterboard	12.5mm plasterboard	12.5mm plasterboard
		150mm between +	
		25mm lining, 12.5mm	
		plasterboard	
Ecotherm Eco-Versal	80mm between +	100mm between +	See 150mm X 47mm
	40mm lining, 12.5mm	30mm lining,12.5mm	guidance
	plasterboard	plasterboard	
Actis hybris + Actis	N/A	105mm of Hybris Actis	See 150mm x 47mm
Hcontrol (Acts as a		between studs +	Guidance
vapour control barrier		45mm HControl	
also when taped.)		Hybrid quilt lining,	
		counter battened,	
		12.5mm plasterboard	
Knauf/Rockwool	Currently little guidance given. Expected Rockwool flexi 230mm between		
between studs and	timber frame. Frame therm Exceeding 150mm between studs. Designs		
PIR over	will be required.		

# Flat roof U-Value guidance – Extensions and alterations

#### Warm deck roof

Below is a table of examples of insulation products that can be used to achieve the new U-Values in Approved Document L as of June 2022.

This is based on a traditional warm deck build up with all insulation above the flat roof joists which negates the ventilation requirements.

Table 1- Minimum U-value now required 0.15W/m<sup>2</sup>K

Product	Thickness
Celotex GA4000	150mm
Recticel Eurothane Power deck / Euro deck	150mm
Ecotherm Eco-Versal	150mm
Kingspan Therma roof TR27	150mm

#### Cold deck roof

Below is a table of examples of insulation products that can be used to achieve the new U-Values in Approved Document L as of June 2022.

This is based on a traditional cold deck build-up of insulation between and below the flat roof joists. This solution will require adequate cross flow ventilation. Cold decks are not ideal and warm decks are preferred.

The table below assumes, as an example, 150mmx47mm joists with a 50mm ventilation void, and for the purpose of thermal values will suffice in most circumstances.

Table 2- Minimum U-value now required 0.15W/m<sup>2</sup>K

Product	Joists at 600 centres	Joists at 450 centres	Joists at 400 centres
Kingspan Kooltherm	100mm between joists	Follow 600cc guidance	Follow 600cc Guidance
K7	+50mm underlining,		
	12.5mm plasterboard		
Celotex GA4000	100mm between joists	100mm Between joists	Follow 450cc guidance
	+60mm underlining,	+ 70mm underlining,	
	12.5mm plasterboard	12.5mm plasterboard	
Recticel Eurothane	100mm between joists	Follow 600cc guidance	100mm Between joists
GP	+70mm underlining,		+75mm underlining,
	12.5mm plasterboard		12.5mm plasterboard
Ecotherm Eco-Versal	100mm between joists	100mm between joist	Follow 450cc guidance
	+60mm underlining,	+70mm underlining,	
	12.5mm plasterboard	12.5mm plasterboard	

# Pitched roof U-Value guidance – Extensions and alterations

## **Vaulted Ceilings**

Below is a table of examples of insulation products that can be used to achieve the new U-Values in Approved Document L as of June 2022.

The table below assumes, as an example, 150mmx47mm rafters with a 50mm ventilation void, thermal values will suffice in most circumstances.

This is based on a pitched roof with a vaulted ceiling (no ceiling joists installed).

Table 1- Minimum U-value now required 0.15W/m<sup>2</sup>K

Product	Rafters at 600mm cc	Rafters at 450mm cc	Rafters at 400mm cc
Kingspan	100 mm between	Follow 400 cc	100 mm between
Kooltherm K7	rafters + 45mm	guidance	rafters + 50mm
	underlining, 12.5mm		underlining, 12.5mm
	plasterboard		plasterboard
Celotex GA4000	100 mm between	100 mm between	Follow 450cc
	rafters + 50mm	rafters + 60mm	guidance
	underlining, 12.5mm	underlining, 12.5mm	
	plasterboard	plasterboard	
Recticel Eurothane	100 mm between	Follow 400 cc	Follow 600cc
GP	rafters + 60mm	Guidance	Guidance
	underlining, 12.5mm		
	plasterboard		
Ecotherm Eco-	100 mm between	Follow 400cc	100 mm between
Versal	rafters + 50mm	Guidance	rafters +60mm
	underlining, 12.5mm		underlining, 12.5mm
	plasterboard		plasterboard
Other Options indictive only. Minimum U-value now required 0.15W/m²K			ed 0.15W/m <sup>2</sup> K
Celotex GA4000		Expect 75mm Between rafters and 75mm	
		over rafter's at 400cc. Full design should be	
		sought with condensation risk analysis not	
		all PIR manufactures w	vill allow this.
Celotex XR4000		Expect 140mm over rafters	
TLX Silver with a PIR insulation		Around 130mm of PIR with a TLX silver	
		underneath. Air gaps, timber size and design	
		to be discussed	
TLX Gold		145mm PIR between , TLX gold above rafter,	
		design to be discussed	

#### Flat ceilings

Below is a table of examples of insulation products that can be used to achieve the new U-Values in Approved Document L as of June 2022.

This is based on the assumption all insulation is laid between and over the ceiling joists.

This is based on a pitched roof construction with a flat ceiling, 147x47mm ceiling joists installed at 600cc.

Product	Thickness / installation
Knauf - glass mineral wool	150mm insulation between ceiling joists,
	150mm laid perpendicular over the top,
	300mm total
Rockwool – Thermal insulation loft roll	150mm insulation between ceiling joists,
	150mm laid perpendicular over the top,
	300mm total
Celotex GA4000 (Other PIR insulations	100mm insulation between joists and 60mm
options may differ slightly).	under+ 12.5mm plasterboard.
Actis Multifoils.	HYBRIS 140mm thickness between joists +
	HCONTROL HYBRID 45mm underneath with
	relevant air gaps.

\*Disclaimer\* London Borough of Bromley has no affiliations with manufacturers' and remains completely impartial. We take no accountability for use of this table as competent designs should ultimately be sought. You may choose different insulation types/brands as you see fit, provided they are appropriate for use and meet the regulations.

This information in this guidance booklet has been provided by our LABC colleagues at East Suffolk Council.

